



Cocus or Queen Palm *Syagrus romanzoffiana*

The Queen palm is the most widely used of the tall feather palms. It transplants easily, is fast growing and is bothered by few pests. However, Florida is fighting a fusarium wilt which is deadly and is killing their Queen and Washingtonia palms. Try to buy a Texas grown Queen palm to protect your investment. Queen palms do show nitrogen deficiency but they react quickly to a fertilizer application.

These palms are not armed (i.e. they have no thorns) so trimming is painless. It's a good practice to disinfect your saw or trimmers between trees so that any disease that may be present isn't spread from tree to tree.

After the palm is 5 to 10 years old, it will begin losing its leaf margins and exposing the light gray, ringed trunk. It looks great lined up along a walk way or in groupings with different height trees. Choose one with a heavy trunk and you've got the perfect specimen for your tropical landscape.

Common Names: Cocus plumose, Queen

AT A GLANCE	
Height	40' -70'
Width	20'-25'
Origin	South America
Drought Tolerance	Moderate
Growth Rate	Mod to Fast
Salt Tolerance	Moderate
USDA Zone(s)	9b-11
Notes: High Nutrition Needs	



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