



Bur Oak

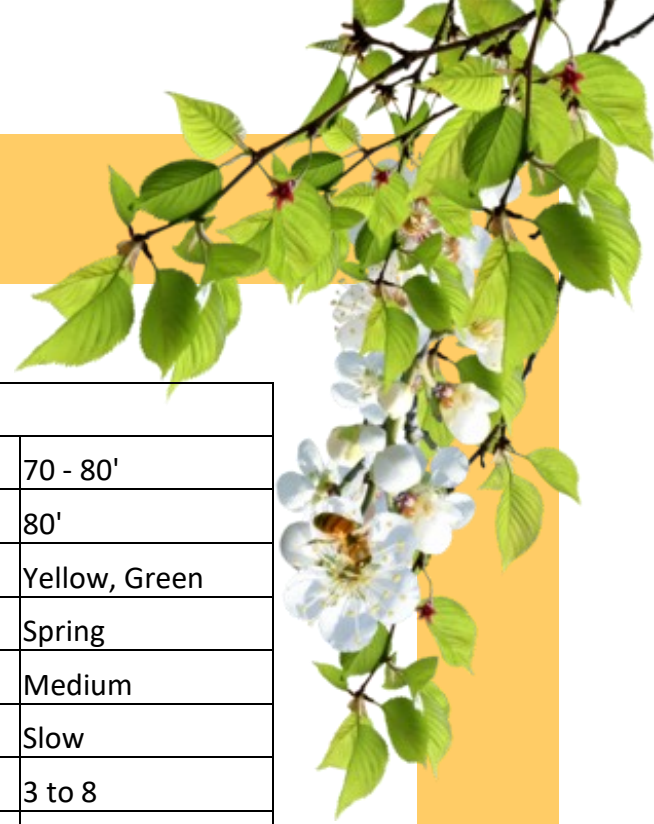
Quercus macrocarpa

The Bur Oak (sometimes spelled Burr Oak), is native to North America in the eastern and Central United States, and eastern and central Canada. This tree is the state tree of Iowa. It is a slow growing tree, a 20 year old tree may be about 20 feet tall if grown in full sun. The acorns it produces are the largest of any North American oak. Every few years, there

is heavy nut crops, other years it's a moderate amount. The bur oak is a fire-tolerant tree species, which makes it a hardy tree to plant in the hill country, where fires are a common occurrence. The wood of this tree has many uses and is often marketed as white oak. This tree is cultivated by many plant nurseries for its ideal use in gardens, parks, and sidewalks. It has been planted in many different climates, from Alaska to south Texas. It withstands cold winters and hot summers fairly well.

Common names: Mossycup oak, mossycup white oak

AT A GLANCE	
Height	70 - 80'
Width	80'
Flower Color	Yellow, Green
Flower Season	Spring
Drought Tolerance	Medium
Growth Rate	Slow
USDA Zone(s)	3 to 8
Notes	



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